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10/573,770	03/28/2006	Kimmo Laiho	915-002.010	3998	
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755 MAIN STI MONROE, CT	REET, P O BOX 224 `06468		ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/573,770 LAIHO ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit

	APRIL S. GUZMAN	2618				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONITHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the manorum statutory period we have been supported by the control of the provision of the provisi	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Oc 2a) This action is FINAL. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E.	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro		e merits is			
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 28 March 2006 is/lare: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the c Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination	a) ☑ accepted or b) ☐ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents Certified copies of the priority documents Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application of the Applicati	ion No ed in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Imformation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SD/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application. Paper No(s)/Mail Date 03/28/06, 05/15/06, 05/07/07, 07/05/07. 6) Other: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06) Office Action Summary Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20081229



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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

The Examiner acknowledges the receipt of the Applicant's amendment filed on 10/01/08. Claims 1, 18, 22 have been amended. Claims 32 and 33 have been added. Claims 1-33 are therefore currently pending in the present application.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-33 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459

(1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonohylousness

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Friesen et al. (U.S. Patent # 6,892,080) herein referred to as Friesen, in view of Tendler (U.S. Patent Application Publication # 2002/0068549 A1) and further in view of Hwangbo et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication # 2003/0192061 A1) herein referred to as Hwangbo.

Consider claim 1, Friesen teach a device comprising:

an interface (read as cradle 2) adapted to receive a signal received via an antenna (read as antenna 10) (column 4 lines 23-36); and

a loop or coil configured to couple inductively with a corresponding loop or coil included in a mobile terminal (read as telephone handset 1) so as to transmit the signal to the mobile terminal (read as cradle may have a direct RF connection to the handset or it may be inductively coupled) (column 4 lines 23-50).

However, Friesen fail to teach a digital broadcast.

In the related art, Tendler teach a digital broadcast (read as GPS satellite signals) ([0010], [0025]-[0026], [0029], [0039], and claim 1).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Tendler into the teachings of Friesen for the purpose of accommodating users of phones for transmitting information as to the location of certain services in which the phone includes a GPS receiver with the phone, the phone being carried in a handsfree cradle.

Friesen as modified by Tendler fail to teach the digital broadcast from a digital video broadcasting network.

In the related art, Hwangbo teach the digital broadcast from a digital video broadcasting network ([0020]-[0021], and [0024]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Hwangbo into the teachings of Friesen as modified by Tendler for the purpose of providing a set-top box system for viewing digital broadcasts, including: a plurality of televisions and one set-top box for receiving digital broadcasts including a multi-program, and transmitting single programs selected according to program selection requests of TV viewers to the plurality of TVs.

Consider claim 2, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach an amplifier (read as amplifier 6) adapted to amplify the signal (Friesen - Figure 1, Figure 2, column 4 lines 36-50, and column 5 lines 1-6).

Consider claim 3, as applied to claim 2 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein: said amplifier is adapted to be powered by the mobile terminal (Friesen – Figure 1, Figure 2, and column 4 lines 36-50).

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Consider **claim 4**, **as applied to claim 2 above**, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein: said amplifier adapted to be controlled by the mobile terminal (Friesen – Figure 2, column 5 lines 56-67, column 6 lines 1-5, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider claim 5, as applied to claim 4 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein: said amplifier is adapted to intermittently operate under control of the mobile terminal (Friesen – Figure 2, column 6 lines 11-38, and column 7 lines 20-37).

Consider claim 6, as applied to claim 2 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach comprising:

a detector adapted to determine a position of the mobile terminal (Friesen - Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38; Tendler – [0032]-[0035], and claim 1); and

a controller adapted to control operation of said amplifier in dependence upon the position of the mobile terminal (Friesen - Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider **claim 7**, **as applied to claim 6 above**, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein: the detector comprises a switch to determine whether the mobile terminal is attached to the extension device (Friesen – Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38; Tendler – [0045]-[0048]).

Consider claim 8, as applied to claim 6 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein: the detector comprises a sensor adapted to determine whether the mobile terminal is located within a predetermined distance of the extension device (Friesen – Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38).

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Consider **claim 9**, **as applied to claim 6 above**, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein: the controller is adapted to cause the amplifier to reduce gain when the mobile terminal is in a given position (Friesen – Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider claim 10, as applied to claim 6 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein: the controller is adapted to cause the amplifier to be by-passed when the mobile terminal is in a given position (Friesen – Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 6 lines 11-38, and column 7 lines 20-37).

Consider claim 11, as applied to claim 6 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach comprising:

an antenna for receiving an amplified signal from the amplifier and radiatively transmitting the amplified signal to the mobile terminal (Friesen – column 4 lines 63-67, and column 5 lines 1-6); wherein

the controller is adapted to cause the signal to be routed to the loop or coil when the mobile terminal is in a given position and to be routed to the amplifier when not (Friesen-column 4 lines 51-67, column 5 lines 1-6, and column 6 lines 11-28).

Consider claim 12, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach a filter adapted to obtain said signal from at least one other signal (Friesen - Figure 2, column 4 lines 51-67, and column 5 lines 1-14).

Consider claim 13, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach comprising:

input for receiving power from an external source (Tendler - [0026], , and [0043]); and

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a path adapted to deliver power to the mobile terminal to permit recharging of a rechargeable battery (read as phone battery 26) included in the mobile terminal (Tendler – [0026], and [0043]).

Consider claim 14, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein the loop or coil is a loop and the loop is arranged substantially around a perimeter of a face of the device (Friesen – Figure 1; Tendler - Figure 1, Figure 2).

Consider claim 15, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler teach the loop or coil except for the specific area of the loop or coil of between 10 and 50 cm².

Nonetheless, to the extent that Friesen as modified by Tendler does not specify the exact range of the area of the loop or coil, this figure would have been a matter of routine experimentation to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in order to couple signals from an outside antenna to a portable device with transmits signals inductively via loop or coil. See In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233 (CCPA 1995) (Where general conditions of the claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover optimal or workable ranges by routine experimentation).

Consider claim 16, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach which is adapted to be placed on a piece of furniture (Friesen – column 4 lines 23-36; Tendler – [0025]-[0027]).

Consider claim 17, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach an antenna mounted on a roof or to an externally facing side of an external wall of a building (Friesen – column 4 lines 23-36; Tendler – [0025]-[0027]).

Consider claim 18, Friesen teach device comprising:

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means for receiving a signal received via an antenna (read as antenna 10) (column 4 lines 23-36); and

inductive coupling means configured to couple inductively with a corresponding inductive coupling means included in a mobile terminal so as to transmit the signal to the mobile terminal (read as cradle may have a direct RF connection to the handset or it may be inductively coupled) (column 4 lines 23-50).

However, Friesen fail to teach a digital broadcast.

In the related art, Tendler teach a digital broadcast (read as GPS satellite signals) ([0010], [0025]-[0026], [0029], [0039], and claim 1).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Tendler into the teachings of Friesen for the purpose of accommodating users of phones for transmitting information as to the location of certain services in which the phone includes a GPS receiver with the phone, the phone being carried in a handsfree cradle.

Friesen as modified by Tendler fail to teach the digital broadcast from a digital video broadcasting network.

In the related art, Hwangbo teach the digital broadcast from a digital video broadcasting network ([0020]-[0021], and [0024]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Hwangbo into the teachings of Friesen as modified by Tendler for the purpose of providing a set-top box system for viewing digital broadcasts, including: a plurality of televisions and one set-top box for receiving digital

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broadcasts including a multi-program, and transmitting single programs selected according to program selection requests of TV viewers to the plurality of TVs.

Consider claim 19, as applied to claim 1 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach apparatus comprising: a mobile terminal including a loop or coil for receiving the signal from the device (Tendler – [0025]-[0026]).

Consider claim 20, as applied to claim 19 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein the device further comprises an amplifier arranged to amplify the signal (Friesen - Figure 1, Figure 2, column 4 lines 36-50, and column 5 lines 1-6).

Consider claim 21, as applied to claim 20 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach wherein the mobile terminal is configured to cause said amplifier to operate when reception of a time slice is expected (Friesen – column 3 lines 34-37, and column 7 lines 20-37).

Consider claim 22, Friesen teach a method comprising:

receiving a signal (column 4 lines 23-36); and

providing said signal to a loop or coil configured to couple inductively with a corresponding loop or coil included in a mobile terminal so as to transmit the signal to the mobile terminal (read as cradle may have a direct RF connection to the handset or it may be inductively coupled) (column 4 lines 23-50)

However, Friesen fail to teach a digital broadcast.

In the related art, Tendler teach a digital broadcast (read as GPS satellite signals) ([0010], [0025]-[0026], [0029], [0039], and claim 1).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Tendler into the teachings of Friesen for the

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purpose of accommodating users of phones for transmitting information as to the location of certain services in which the phone includes a GPS receiver with the phone, the phone being carried in a handsfree cradle.

Friesen as modified by Tendler fail to teach the digital broadcast from a digital video broadcasting network.

In the related art, Hwangbo teach the digital broadcast from a digital video broadcasting network ([0020]-[0021], and [0024]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Hwangbo into the teachings of Friesen as modified by Tendler for the purpose of providing a set-top box system for viewing digital broadcasts, including: a plurality of televisions and one set-top box for receiving digital broadcasts including a multi-program, and transmitting single programs selected according to program selection requests of TV viewers to the plurality of TVs.

Consider claim 23, as applied to claim 22 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach amplifying the signal (Friesen - Figure 1, Figure 2, column 4 lines 36-50, and column 5 lines 1-6).

Consider claim 24, as applied to claim 22 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach intermittently operating an amplifier adapted to amplify the signal under the control of the mobile terminal (Friesen - Figure 2, column 5 lines 56-67, column 6 lines 1-5, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider claim 25, as applied to claim 22 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further detecting a position of the mobile terminal; and controlling operation of an amplifier in

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dependence upon the position of the mobile terminal (Friesen - Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider claim 26, as applied to claim 25 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach detecting whether the mobile terminal is attached to the extension device (Friesen - Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider claim 27, as applied to claim 25 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach sensing whether the mobile terminal is attached to the extension device (Friesen - Figure 2, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider claim 28, as applied to claim 25 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach reducing gain when the mobile terminal is in a given position (Friesen – Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 5, column 5 lines 14-55, and column 6 lines 11-38).

Consider **claim 29**, **as applied to claim 25 above**, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach by-passing the amplifier when the mobile terminal is in a given position (Friesen – Figure 2, figure 4, Figure 5, column 6 lines 11-38, and column 7 lines 20-37).

Consider claim 30, as applied to claim 22 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach routing the signal to the loop or coil when the mobile terminal is within a given range (Friesen - column 4 lines 63-67, and column 5 lines 1-6);

routing the signal to an amplifier when the mobile terminal is outside the given range (Friesen - column 4 lines 51-67, column 5 lines 1-6, and column 6 lines 11-28).

Consider claim 31, as applied to claim 30 above, Friesen as modified by Tendler further teach radiatively transmitting an amplified signal output from the amplifier (Friesen – column 4 lines 63-67, and column 5 lines 1-6).

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Claims 32-33 are rejected are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Friesen et al. (U.S. Patent # 6,892,080) herein referred to as Friesen, in view of Tendler (U.S. Patent Application Publication # 2002/0068549 A1), in view of Hwangbo et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication # 2003/0192061 A1) herein referred to as Hwangbo and further in view of Applicant's admission to prior art.

Consider claim 32, as applied to claim 1, Friesen as modified by Tendler as modified by Hwangbo teach the digital video broadcasting network.

However, Friesen as modified by Tendler as further modified by Hwangbo fail to teach wherein the digital video broadcasting network conforms to an Advanced Television systems Committee standard.

In the related art, Applicant's admission to prior art teach digital broadcast networks can be used to deliver enhanced services to users having digital broadcasting receivers. Example of digital broadcasting networks include a Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) network, a Digital Audio Broadcasting (DAB) network, and Advanced Television Systems Committee (ATSC) network and an Integrated Service Digital Broadcasting (ISDB) network (page 1 lines 8-12).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Applicant's admission of prior art into the teachings of Friesen as modified by Tendler and further modified by Hwangbo for the purpose of incorporating a DVB receiver into a conventional mobile telephone handset to allow a user to download large amounts of data quickly.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: see PTO-892 Notice of References Cited.

Any response to this Office Action should be faxed to (571) 273-8300 or mailed to:

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to

Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314 Art Unit: 2618

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to April S. Guzman whose telephone number is 571-270-1101. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Anderson can be reached on 571-272-4177. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/April S. Guzman/ Examiner, Art Unit 2618

/Matthew D. Anderson/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2618